



## **Kessingland Church of England Primary Academy**

## **PSHE PROGRESSION OF SKILLS NURSERY-YEAR 6**

<u>Theme</u>	Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:
Me and My Relationships	Talk about what they like to do.  Say how they feel in different situations.  Understand different children like different things.  Identify similarities and differences between themselves and their friends.	Talk about their own interests.  Talk about their families.  Talk about how they are the same or different to others.  Share their favourite interests and objects.  Talk about themselves positively.	Understand that classroom rules help everyone to learn and be safe  Explain their classroom rules and be able to contribute to making these  Recognise how others might be feeling by reading body language/facial expressions  Understand and explain how our emotions can give a physical reaction in our	Suggest actions that will contribute positively to the life of the classroom;  Make and undertake pledges based on those actions  Take part in creating and agreeing classroom rules  Use a range of words to describe feelings  Recognise that people have different ways of	Explain why we have rules  Explore why rules are different for different age groups, in particular for internet-based activities  Suggest appropriate rules for a range of settings  Consider the possible consequences of breaking the rules.  Explain some of the feelings someone might have when they lose something important to them	Describe 'good' and 'not so good' feelings and how feelings can affect our physical state  Explain how different words can express the intensity of feelings  Explain what we mean by a 'positive, healthy relationship'  Describe some of the qualities that they admire in others  Recognise that there are times when they might need to say 'no' to a friend	Explain what collaboration means  Give examples of how they have worked collaboratively  Describe the attributes needed to work collaboratively  Explain what is meant by the terms negotiation and compromise  Describe strategies for resolving difficult issues or situations.  Demonstrate how to respond to a wide range of feelings in others	Demonstrate a collaborative approach to a task  Describe and implement the skills needed to do this  Explain what is meant by the terms 'negotiation' and 'compromise'  Suggest positive strategies for negotiating and compromising within a collaborative task  Demonstrate positive strategies for negotiating and compromising within a collaborative task  Recognise some of the challenges that arise from

Talk about why they are special.	Listen to what others say and respond.	butterflies in the tummy etc.)	expressing their feelings	Understand that these feelings are normal and a way of	Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying 'no' to a	Give examples of some key qualities of friendship	Suggest strategies for dealing with such challenges demonstrating
Understand people can be special in different	Talk about the important people in their lives.	Identify a range of feelings  Identify how feelings might	Identify helpful ways of responding to other's feelings	dealing with the situation  Identify people who they have a special	Demonstrate strategies for working on a collaborative	Reflect on their own friendship qualities	the need for respect and an assertive approach  List some assertive behaviours
ways.	Understand that we have different special	make us behave  Suggest	Define what is meant by the terms 'bullying'	relationship with  Suggest strategies for	task  Define successful qualities of teamwork	Identify what things make a relationship unhealthy	Recognise peer influence and pressure
Say how they are feeling.	people.	strategies for someone experiencing 'not so good'	and 'teasing' showing an understanding of the difference	maintaining a positive relationship with their special people	and collaboration  Identify a wide range	Identify who they could talk to if they needed help	Demonstrate using some assertive behaviours, through role-play, to
Know who they can speak to and what they	people outside of families that care for them.	feelings to manage these.	Identify situations as to whether	Rehearse and demonstrate simple strategies for resolving given	of feelings  Recognise that	Identify characteristics of passive, aggressive and assertive	resist peer influence and pressure  Recognise and empathise
can do if they do not feel ok.	Talk about when they might feel unsafe or unhappy.	Recognise that people's bodies and feelings can be hurt	they are incidents of teasing or bullying	conflict situations  Explain what a dare is	different people can have different feelings in the same situation	behaviours  Understand and rehearse assertiveness	with patterns of behaviour in peer-group dynamics
Say what they are thankful for.	Name the people who will	Suggest ways of dealing with different kinds	Understand and describe strategies for	Understand that noone has the right to force them to do a	Explain how feelings can be linked to physical state	skills  Recognise basic emotional needs,	Recognise basic emotional needs and understand that they
Talk about their family.	Notice when a friend is in need	of hurt  Recognise that they belong to	dealing with bullying  Rehearse and	dare Suggest strategies to use if they are ever	Demonstrate a range of feelings through their facial	understand that they change according to circumstance	change according to circumstance  Suggest strategies for
Talk about people who are special	at school and help them.	various groups and communities	demonstrate some of these strategies	made to feel uncomfortable or unsafe by someone	expressions and body language	Identify risk factors in a given situation (involving smoking or	dealing assertively with a situation where someone under pressure may do
to them.  Understand that families	different emotions.	such as their family	Explain the difference between bullying	asking them to do a dare  Express opinions and	Recognise that their feelings might change towards someone or something once they	other scenarios) and consider outcomes of risk taking in this	something they feel uncomfortable about  Describe the
may be			and isolated	listen to those of	have further	situation, including emotional risks	consequences of reacting

trien own.  Urese peuple help us and we  Ingative way,	different to their own.	Explain how these people	unkind behaviour	others	information	to others in a positive or negative way;
	their own.	help us and we				negative way;

Know what adopt means.  Explore how we that adopt means.  Describe their home.  The final dentify aways to change feelings be person feel sad.  Suggest ways in the part of the preson which they can help a friend who is sad.  Choose ways to help themselves when they feel sad.  Choose ways to help themselves ways that people can do and sopling the thinking behind their ideas and opinions of the thinking behind th			I		I	I		T T
l tochnology	adopt means.  Describe	feel at certain times or events.  Identify ways to change feelings and calm down.  Identify events that can make a person feel sad.  Suggest ways in which they can help a friend who is sad.  Choose ways to help themselves when they feel	them to help us.  Identify simple qualities of friendship  Suggest simple strategies for making up  Demonstrate attentive listening skills  Suggest simple strategies for resolving conflict situations  Give and receive positive feedback, and experience how this makes them	that there are different types of bullying and unkind behaviour  Understand that bullying and unkind behaviour are both unacceptable ways of behaving  Recognise that friendship is a special kind of relationship  Identify some of the ways that good friends care for each other  Recognise, name and understand how to deal with feelings (e.g. anger, loneliness)  Explain where someone could get help if they were being upset by someone else's	Practise explaining the thinking behind their ideas and opinions  Identify qualities of friendship  Suggest reasons why friends sometimes fall out  Rehearse and use, now or in the future, skills for making up	strategies to respond to being bullied, including what people can do and say  Understand and give examples of who or where pressure to behave in an unhealthy, unacceptable or risky	communication can be misinterpreted  Accept that responsible and respectful behaviour is necessary when interacting with others online as well as	can respond more positively to others  Describe ways in which people show their commitment to each other  Know the ages at which a person can marry, depending on whether their parents agree  Understand that everyone has the right to be free to choose who and whether to marry  Recognise that some types of physical contact can produce strong negative feelings  Know that some inappropriate touch is also illegal  Identify strategies for keeping personal information safe online  Describe safe and respectful behaviours when using

rence	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:
Valuing Difference	Talk about	Describe their own positive	Identify the differences and	Identify some of the physical and	Recognise that there are many different	Define the terms 'negotiation' and	Define some key qualities of friendship	Recognise that bullying and discriminatory behaviour can result from
Valui	the same or different to	attributes.	similarities between people	non-physical differences and	types of family	'compromise'	Describe ways of making a friendship last	disrespect of people's differences
	others.  Know what you like and	Share their likes and dislikes.  Listen to and	Empathise with those who are different from	similarities between people Know and use	Understand what is meant by 'adoption' 'fostering' and 'samesex	Understand the need to manage conflict or differences and suggest ways of doing	Explain why friendships sometimes end	Suggest strategies for dealing with bullying, as a bystander
	that others may like something different.	respect the ideas of others.	them  Begin to	words and phrases that show respect for other	relationships.'  Define the term	this, through negotiation and compromise	Rehearse active listening skills	Describe positive attributes of their peers
	Talk about what is	Recognise the similarities and differences amongst their	appreciate the positive aspects of these differences	people  Identify people who are special to	'community'  Identify the different communities that	Understand that they have the right to protect their personal	Demonstrate respectfulness in responding to others	Know that all people are unique but that we have far more in common with
	special about their peers.	peers.  Discuss why	Explain the difference	them  Explain some of	they belong to  Recognise the	body space  Recognise how	Respond appropriately to others	each other than what is different about us
	Talk about what is special about their	differences should be celebrated. Retell a story.	between unkindness, teasing and bullying	the ways those people are special to them	benefits that come with belonging to a community, in particular the benefit to mental Health and	others' non-verbal signals indicate how they feel when people are close to their body space	Develop an understanding of discrimination and its injustice, and describe	Consider how a bystander can respond to someone being rude, offensive or bullying someone else
	family.  Understand we are all different.	Talk about their family, customs and traditions.	Understand that bullying is usually quite rare	explain how a person's behaviour can affect other people	wellbeing  Reflect on listening skills	Suggest people they can talk to if they feel uncomfortable with other people's	Empathise with people who have been, and currently are,	Demonstrate ways of offering support to someone who has been bullied
	Understand there are different	Listen to others talk about their experiences.	Explain some of their school rules and how	Explain how it feels to be part of	Give examples of respectful language	actions towards them  Recognise that they	subjected to injustice, including through racism	Demonstrate ways of showing respect to others, using verbal and
	types of families.	Compare their own	those rules help to keep everybody safe	a group  Explain how it	Give examples of how to challenge another's viewpoint,	have different types of relationships with people they know	Consider how discriminatory	non-verbal communication
		experiences		feels to be left out	respectfully			Understand and explain

Talk about how it	Identify some of the people who	from a group	(e.g. close family, wider family, friends, acquaintances)	behaviour can be challenged	the term prejudice

makes others feel when we are kind.  Know what we can do to be kind to others.  Share with their friends.	with those of others.  Recognise the similarities and differences between their home and those of others.  Talk about what makes their home feel special and safe.  Be sensitive towards others.  Suggest ways in which we can be kind towards others.  Demonstrate skills in cooperation with others.  Show friendly behaviour towards a peer.  Build	are special to them  Recognise and name some of the qualities that make a person special to them  Recognise and explain what is fair and unfair, kind and unkind  Suggest ways they can show kindness to others	Identify groups they are part of  Suggest and use strategies for helping someone who is feeling left out  Recognise and describe acts of kindness and unkindness  Explain how these impact on other people's feelings  Suggest kind words and actions they can show to others  Show acts of kindness to others in school  Demonstrate active listening techniques (making eye contact, nodding head, making	Explain that people living in the UK have different origins  Identify similarities and differences between a diverse range of people from varying national, regional, ethnic and religious backgrounds  Identity some of the qualities that people from a diverse range of backgrounds need in order to get on together  Recognise the factors that make people similar to and different from each other  Recognise that repeated name calling is a form of bullying  Suggest strategies for dealing with name calling (including talking to a trusted	Give examples of features of these different types of relationships, including how they influence what is shared  List some of the ways that people are different to each other (including differences of race, gender, religion)  Recognise potential consequences of aggressive behaviour  Suggest strategies for dealing with someone who is behaving aggressively  List some of the ways in which people are different to each other (including ethnicity, gender, religious beliefs, customs and festivals)	Identify and describe the different groups that make up their school/wider community/other parts of the UK  Describe the benefits of living in a diverse society  Explain the importance of mutual respect for different faiths and beliefs and how we demonstrate this  Understand that the information we see online, either text or images, is not always true or accurate  Recognise that some people post things online about themselves that aren't true, sometimes this is so that people will like them  Understand and explain the difference between sex. gender	Identify and describe the different groups that make up their school/wider community/other parts of the UK  Describe the benefits of living in a diverse society  Explain the importance of mutual respect for different faiths and beliefs and how we demonstrate this  Explain the difference between a friend and an acquaintance  Describe qualities of a strong, positive friendship  Describe the benefits of other types of relationship (e.g. neighbour, parent/carer, relative)  Define what is meant by the term stereotype  Recognise how the media
			(making eye contact, nodding	dealing with name	customs and		

		Suggest strategies for dealing with a range of common	reasons why different people are bullied	others' differences	Identify the consequences of	Recognise that people fall into a wide range of what is seen as normal

				situations requiring negotiation skills to help foster and maintain positive relationships.	Explore why people have prejudiced views and understand what this is	Understand and identify stereotypes, including those promoted in the media	positive and negative behaviour on themselves and others  Give examples of how individual/group actions can impact on others in a positive or negative way	Challenge stereotypical gender portrayals of people.
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	Children will	Children will be	Children will be	Children will be	Children will be able	Children will be able	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:
	be able to:	able to:	able to:	able to:	to:	to:		22. 2 2.2 2 201
safe							Explain what a habit is,	Accept that responsible
	Say which	Name things	Understand that	Understand that	Identify situations	Define the terms	giving examples	and respectful behaviour
i.	people help	that keep their	the body gets	medicines can	which are safe or	'danger', 'risk' and		is necessary when
Keeping	to look after	bodies safe.	energy from	sometimes make	unsafe	'hazard' and explain	Describe why and how	interacting with others
~	them.		food, water and	people feel better		the difference	a habit can be hard to	online and face-to-face
		Name things	air (oxygen)	when they're ill	Identify people who	between them	change	
	Name those	that keep their			can help if a situation			Understand and describe
	adults in	bodies clean	Recognise that	Give examples of	is unsafe	Identify situations	Recognise that there	the ease with which
	school who	and protected.	exercise and	some of the		which are either	are positive and	something posted online
	help them.		sleep are	things that a	Suggest strategies for	dangerous, risky or	negative risks	can spread
		Think about	important parts	person can do to	keeping safe	hazardous		
	Talk about	how to	of a healthy	feel better			Explain how to weigh	Identify strategies for
	when they	recognise things	lifestyle	without use of	Define the words	Suggest simple	up risk factors when	keeping personal
	might need	that might not		medicines, if they	danger and risk and	strategies for	making a decision	information safe online
	help.	be safe.	Recognise the	are unwell	explain the difference	managing risk		
			importance of		between the two		Describe some of the	Describe safe
	Talk about	Make safe	sleep in	Explain simple		Identify images that	possible outcomes of	behaviours when using
	how to get	decisions about	maintaining a	issues of safety	Demonstrate	are safe/unsafe to	taking a risk	communication
	help.	items they don't	healthy,	and responsibility	strategies for dealing	share online	taking a risk	technology
		recognise.	balanced	about medicines	with a risky situation		Demonstrate strategies	
	Know if		lifestyle	and their use		Know and explain	to deal with both	Know that it is illegal to
	things are	Talk about what			Identify some key	strategies for safe	faceto-face and online	create and share sexual
	safe to do on	our bodies need	Identify simple	Identify situations	risks from and effects	online sharing	bullying	images of children under
	their own.	to stay well.	bedtime	in which they	of cigarettes and		bullying	18 years old
			routines that	would feel safe or	alcohol	Understand and	Demonstrate	
	Understand	Name the safe	promote	unsafe		explain the	strategies and skills for	Explore the risks of
	how their	ways to store	healthy sleep		Know that most	implications of	supporting others who	sharing photos and films
	body may	medicine and		Suggest actions	people choose not to	•	are bullied	of themselves with other
	feel when			for dealing with	smoke cigarettes;	sharing images online	are builled	people directly or online
					ome digarettes,	without consent		people directly of offilite

they feel worried, sad, angry.	who can give it to children (adults).	Recognise emotions and physical feelings associated with feeling unsafe	unsafe situations including who they could ask for help	(Social Norms message)  Define the word	Define what is meant by the word 'dare'	Recognise and describe the difference between online and face-to-face bullying	Know how to keep their information private online Understand that all
Know when to call 999.	Name some hazards and ways to stay safe inside.	Identify people who can help	Identify situations in which they would need to say	'drug' and understand that nicotine and alcohol are both drugs.	Identify from given scenarios which are dares and which are not	Recognise which situations are risky	humans have basic emotional needs and explain some of the ways these needs can be met
keep safe outside.	Name some hazards and ways to stay	them when they feel unsafe Recognise the	'Yes', 'No', 'I'll ask', or 'I'll tell', in relation to keeping	Identify risk factors in given situations	Suggest strategies for managing dares	Explore and share their views about decision making when faced with a risky situation	Explain how drugs can be categorised into different groups depending on
keep safe in the sun. Make safe decisions	safe outside.  Show how to care for the	range of feelings that are associated with loss	themselves and others safe  Recognise that	Suggest ways of reducing or managing those risks	Understand that medicines are drugs	Suggest what someone should do when faced with a risky situation	their medical and legal context  Demonstrate an
about items they don't recognise	safety of others.  Name the adults who they can	Understand that medicines can sometimes	body language and facial expression can give clues as to	Evaluate the validity of statements relating to online	Explain safety issues for medicine use  Suggest alternatives	Define what is meant by a dare	understanding that drugs can have both medical and non-medical uses Explain in simple terms
Talk about what our bodies need to stay well.	ask for help from, and will keep them safe.	make people feel better when they're ill	how comfortable and safe someone feels in a situation	Recognise potential risks associated with	to taking a medicine when unwell	Explain why someone might give a dare	some of the laws that control drugs in this country
Name the safe ways to store	Recognise the feelings they have when they are unsafe.	Explain simple issues of safety and responsibility	Identify the types of touch they like and do not like	browsing online  Give examples of strategies for safe	Suggest strategies for limiting the spread of infectious diseases (e.g. hand-washing routines)	Suggest ways of standing up to someone who gives a dare	Understand some of the basic laws in relation to drugs
medicine and who can give it to children	Talk about keeping themselves safe,	about medicines and their use	Identify who they can talk to if someone touches them in a way	browsing online  Know that our body can often give us a	Understand some of the key risks and effects of smoking	Reflect on what information they share offline and online	Explain why there are laws relating to drugs in this country
(adults).	safe touches and consent.	learn the PANTS rules	that makes them feel uncomfortable	sign when something doesn't feel right; to trust these signs and talk to a trusted adult	and drinking alcohol  Understand that	Recognise that people aren't always who they say they are online	Understand the actual norms around drinking alcohol and the reasons
	about activities that are safe to	Name and know which parts should be		if this happens	increasing numbers of young people are choosing not to	out they are office	for common misperceptions of these

	private	Recognise that some touches are not fun and can	Recognise and describe appropriate	smoke and that not all people drink	Know how to protect personal information online	

What to do and who to talk to if they feel unsafe online.  Understand that they have the people in their lives who help to keep them safe.  Talk about ways to keep themselves safe in their environment.  Talk about ways to keep themselves safe in their environment.  Indeptify to safe for unsafe secrets that in their environment.  What to do and appropriate and that they have the people in their community who help to keep them safe.  Talk about ways to keep themselves safe in their environment.  What to do an appropriate and that they have the people in their community who help to keep themselves safe in their environment.  What to do an appropriate and that they have the people in their community who halp to keep themselves safe in their environment.  Who to talk to if someone touched the makes them feel unsafe or uncomfortable to the plot in their environment.  Who to talk to if someone touched the makes them feel unsafe or uncomfortable to the plot in their environment.  Who to talk to if someone to the tis not appropriate to keep them safe.  Recognise the importance of telling someone they trust about a secret which makes them feel unsafe or uncomfortable touch can make someone feel Understand that they can be helpful or harmful and when it is not appropriate to its of to invalid them analysing risk.  Understand and the ways in which medicines are drugs but not all drugs are medicines.  Understand and when the subject them is not appropriate to its is not appropriate on them to its not appropriate to its of to its and the reasons for common wisperceptions of these.  Explain how to get behaviour on subject the information and when it is not appropriate to its of themselves or others of information of themselves or others of informati	do on electronic devices.	Explain the difference	hurt or be upsetting	behaviour online as well as offline	alcohol (Social Norms theory)	Understand some of the complexities of	Describe some of the effects and risks of
secrets that are	What to do and who to talk to if they feel unsafe online.  Name the people in their lives who help to keep them safe.  Name people in their community who help to keep them safe.  Talk about ways to keep themselves safe in their	between appropriate and inappropriate touch  Understand that they have the right to say "no" to unwanted touch  Start thinking about who they trust and who they can ask for	Know that they can ask someone to stop touching them  Identify who they can talk to if someone touches them in a way that makes them feel uncomfortable  Identify safe secrets (including surprises) and unsafe secrets  Recognise the importance of telling someone they trust about a secret which makes them feel unsafe or uncomfortable  Identify how inappropriate touch can make someone feel Understand that there are unsafe secrets and	Identify what constitutes personal information and when it is not appropriate or safe to share this  Understand and explain how to get help in a situation where requests for images or information of themselves or others occurs  Demonstrate strategies for assessing risks  Understand and explain decisionmaking skills  Understand where to get help from when making decisions  Understand that medicines are drugs and suggest ways that they can be	Describe stages of identifying and managing risk  Suggest people they can ask for help in managing risk  Understand that we can be influenced both positively and negatively  Give examples of some of the consequences of behaving in an unacceptable, unhealthy or risky	Know that all medicines are drugs but not all drugs are medicines  Understand ways in which medicines can be helpful or harmful and used safely or unsafely  Understand the actual norms around smoking and the reasons for common misperceptions of these  Identify risk factors in a given situation (involving smoking) and consider outcomes of risk taking in this situation, including emotional risks  Understand the actual norms around smoking/alcohol and the reasons for common misperceptions of	Understand that all humans have basic emotional needs and explain some of the ways these needs can be met  Explain how these emotional needs impact on people's behaviour  Suggest positive ways that people can get their emotional need met  Understand and give examples of conflicting emotions  Understand and reflect on how independence and responsibility go

		nice surprises		

	Explain	that if		
	someon	ne is being		
	touche	d in a way		
	that the	ey don't		
	like the	ey have to		
	tell son	neone in		
	their sa	afety		
	networ	k so they		
	can hel	p it stop		

	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:
Rights and Respect	Name healthy foods  Know that we should eat less of some foods.  Know the importance of washing hands.  Talk about who looks after them.  Know ways to look after their own feelings.  Say how to help others depending on how they are feeling.	Name the special people in their lives.  Understand that our special people can be different to those of others.  Talk about why friends are important and how they help us.  Identify ways to care for a friend in need.  Identify ways to help others in their community.  Identify ways in which they help at home.	Recognise the importance of regular hygiene routines  Sequence personal hygiene routines into a logical order  Identify what they like about the school environment  Recognise who cares for and looks after the school environment  Demonstrate responsibility in looking after something (e.g. a class pet or plant)	Describe and record strategies for getting on with others in the classroom  Explain, and be able to use, strategies for dealing with impulsive behaviour  Identify special people in the school and community who can help to keep them safe  Know how to ask for help.  Identify what they like about the school environment	Define what a volunteer is  Identify people who are volunteers in the school community  Recognise some of the reasons why people volunteer, including mental health and wellbeing benefits to those who volunteer  Identify key people who are responsible for them to stay safe and healthy  Suggest ways they can help these people  Understand the difference between 'fact' and 'opinion'	Explain how different people in the school and local community help them stay healthy and safe  Define what is meant by 'being responsible'  Describe the various responsibilities of those who help them stay healthy and safe  Suggest ways they can help the people who keep them healthy and safe  Understand that humans have rights and also responsibilities  Identify some rights and also responsibilities that come with these	Identify, write and discuss issues currently in the media concerning health and wellbeing  Express their opinions on an issue concerning health and wellbeing  Make recommendations on an issue concerning health and wellbeing  Understand the difference between a fact and an opinion  Understand what biased reporting is and the need to think critically about things we read  Define the differences between responsibilities, rights	Define the terms 'fact', 'opinion', 'biased' and 'unbiased', explaining the difference between them  Describe the language and techniques that make up a biased report  Analyse a report also extract the facts from it  Know the legal age (and reason behind these) for having a social media account  Understand why people don't tell the truth and often post only the good bits about themselves, online  Recognise that people's lives are much more balanced in real life, with positives and negatives

Know how to help adults.  Know ways in which to help friends.  Know how to look after the classroom.	Recognise the importance of taking care of a shared environment.  Name ways in which they can look after their learning environment.	Explain the importance of looking after things that belong to themselves or to others  Explain where people get money from	Identify any problems with the school environment (e.g. things needing repair)  Make suggestions for improving the school environment  Recognise that	Understand how an event can be perceived from different viewpoints  Plan, draft and publish a recount using the appropriate language  Define what is meant by the environment	Understand the reason we have rules  Suggest and engage with ways that they can contribute to the decision making process in school (e.g. through pupil voice/school council)  Recognise that	Discuss what can make them difficult to follow  State the costs involved in producing and selling an item  Suggest questions a consumer should ask before buying a product	Explain some benefits of saving money  Describe the different ways money can be saved, outlining the pros and cons of each method  Describe the costs that go into producing an item  Suggest sale prices for a
Know how to look after the environment .  Know how to look after a plant.	Think about what makes the world special and beautiful.  Name ways in which they can help take care of the environment, e.g. recycling, saving energy, wasting less.  Talk about what can happen to living things if the world is not cared for.  Recognise coins and other items relating to money.	List some of the things that money may be spent on in a family home  Recognise that different notes and coins have different monetary value  Explain the importance of keeping money safe  Identify safe places to keep money  Understand the concept of 'saving money'	they all have a responsibility for helping to look after the school environment  Understand that people have choices about what they do with their money	Evaluate and explain different methods of looking after the school environment  Devise methods of promoting their priority method  Understand the terms 'income', 'saving' and 'spending'  Recognise that there are times we can buy items we want and times when we need to save for items  Suggest items and services around the home that need to be paid for (e.g. food, furniture, electricity	everyone can make a difference within a democratic process  Define the word influence; Recognise that reports in the media can influence the way they think about an topic  Form and present their own opinions based on factual information and express or present these in a respectful and courteous manner  Explain the role of the bystander and how it can influence	Define the terms loan, credit, debt and interest  Suggest advice for a range of situations involving personal finance  Explain some of the areas that local councils have responsibility for  Understand that local councillors are elected to represent their local community.	variety of items, taking into account a range of factors  Explain what is meant by the term interest  Recognise and explain that different jobs have different levels of pay and the factors that influence this  Explain the different types of tax (income tax and VAT) which help to fund public services  Evaluate the different public services and compare their value  Explain what we mean by the terms voluntary, community and pressure (action) group

	Identify the uses of money.	(i.e. by keeping it in a safe	spent on items which are	etc.)	bullying or other antisocial behaviour	

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	placed and		Explain that people	Recognise that they		Describe the aim, mission
Talk about why	adding to it).	nonessential	earn their income	can play a role in		statement, activity and
it's important to			through their jobs	influencing outcomes		beneficiaries of a chosen
keep money		Know that money		of situations by their		voluntary, community or
safe.		can be saved for a	Understand that the	actions		action group
		future time and	amount people get			
Identify ways to		understand the	paid is due to a range	Define the terms		Explain what is meant by
save money.		reasons why	of factors (skill,	'income' and		living in an
		people (including	experience, training,	'expenditure'		environmentally
Talk about why		themselves) might	responsibility etc.)			sustainable way
we save money.		do this.	responsibility etc.)	List some of the items		
we save money.		uo tilis.		and services of		Suggest actions that could
				expenditure in the		be taken to live in a more
				school and in the		environmentally
				home		sustainable way
				Home		Sustamusic way
				Prioritise items of		
				expenditure in the		
				home from most		
				essential to least		
				essential		
				Explain what is meant		
				by the terms 'income		
				tax', 'National		
				Insurance' and 'VAT'		
				insurance and VAT		
				Understand how a		
				payslip is laid out		
				showing both pay		
				and deductions		
				Prioritise public		
				services from most		
				essential to least		
				essential.		

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y Best	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:
Being my Best		able to:  Share an experience where they haven't achieved their goal.  Develop their confidence and resilience towards having a growth mindset.  Name a strategy to overcome a hurdle.  Name and choose healthy foods and drink.  Understand there are some foods that are a "just sometimes" food or drink	Recognise the importance of fruit and vegetables in their daily diet  Know that eating at least five portions of vegetables and fruit a day helps to maintain health  Recognise that they may have different tastes in food to others  Select foods from the Eatwell Guide (formerly Eatwell Plate) in order to make a healthy lunch	Explain the stages of the learning line showing an understanding of the learning process  Suggest phrases and words of encouragement to give someone who is learning something new;  Identify and describe where they are on the learning line in a given activity and apply its positive mind-set strategies to their own learning  Understand and give examples of things they can choose			Know two harmful effects each of smoking/drinking alcohol  Explain the importance of food, water and oxygen, sleep and exercise for the human body and its health  Understand the actual norms around smoking and the reasons for common misperceptions of these  Know the basic functions of the four systems covered and know they are interrelated  Explain the function of at least one internal organ.	Explain what the five ways to wellbeing are  Describe how the five ways to wellbeing contribute to a healthy lifestyle, giving examples of how they can be implemented in people's lives  Identify aspirational goals  Describe the actions needed to set and achieve these  Present information they researched on a health and wellbeing issues outlining the key issues and making suggestions for any improvements concerning those issues  Identify risk factors in a given situation (involving alcohol)
	Know what they would like to get better at and how.	(eating in moderation).  Explain the jobs	foods we need to eat more of and which we need to eat less	themselves and things that others choose for them	Suggest medical and non-medical ways of treating an illness  Develop skills in	Understand that the body gets energy from food, water and	Understand the importance of food, water and oxygen, sleep and exercise for	Understand and explain the outcomes of risktaking in a given situation,
	Understand the	of different food groups.	of to be healthy.	Explain things that they like and dislike, and	discussion and debating an issue	oxygen and that exercise and sleep	the human body and its health	including emotional risks

importance of trying	Describe the changes in their	Understand how diseases can spread	understand that they have choices	Demonstrate their understanding of	are important to our health	Identify their own strengths and talents	Understand the actual norms around smoking/alcohol and the

something new.	body during exercise and what is happening to their body.	Recognise and use simple strategies for preventing the	about these things  Understand and explain that some	health and wellbeing issues that are relevant to them  Empathise with	Plan a menu which gives a healthy balanced of foods from across the food groups on the Eatwell Guide (formerly	Identify areas that need improvement and describe strategies for achieving those improvements	reasons for common misperceptions of these  Recognise what risk is
	Explain how exercise can help us stay well - physically and	spread of diseases  Recognise that	choices can be either healthy or unhealthy and can make a difference	Make recommendations,	Eatwell Plate) Understand the ways in which they can contribute to the care	State what is meant by community	Explain how a risk can be reduced  Understand risks related
	mentally. Name some ways to keep their body fit	learning a new skill requires practice and the opportunity to fail, safely	to their own health  Explain how germs can be	based on their research  Identify their	of the environment (using some or all of the seven Rs)	Explain what being part of a school community means to them	to growing up and explain the need to be aware of these
	and well.  Understand why our body needs	Understand the learning line's use as a simple	spread  Describe simple	achievements and areas of development  Recognise that	Suggest ways the Seven Rs recycling methods can be applied to different	Suggest ways of improving the school community	Assess a risk to help keep themselves safe
	Talk about their own bedtime	tool to describe the learning process, including	hygiene routines such as hand washing	people may say kind things to help us feel good about ourselves	scenarios  Define what is meant by the word	Identify people who are responsible for helping them stay healthy and safe	
	routine.  Suggest ways to have a calm	overcoming challenges  Demonstrate	Understand that vaccinations can help to	Explain why some groups of people are not represented as much on television/in	'community'  Suggest ways in which different	Identify ways that they can help these people	
	evening and bedtime routine.	attentive listening skills	prevent certain illnesses  Explain the	Demonstrate how working together in a	people support the school community  Identify qualities and	Describe 'star' qualities of celebrities as portrayed by the media	
		Suggest simple strategies for resolving conflict situations	importance of good dental hygiene	collaborative manner can help everyone to achieve success	attributes of people who support the school community	Recognise that the way people are portrayed in the media isn't always an accurate reflection	
		Give and receive positive	Describe simple dental hygiene routines	Understand and explain how the brain sends and receives messages through the nerves		of them in real life  Describe 'star' qualities that 'ordinary' people have	

	feedback, and experience how	Understand that the body gets energy from food, water and oxygen		

Changing	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:
Growing and Cha	Say what they can see outside.  Describe the weather.	Name the different seasons and describe their differences. Explain the changes that	Name major internal body parts (heart, lungs, blood, stomach, intestines, brain)	Demonstrate simple ways of giving positive feedback to others	Identify different types of relationships Recognise who they have positive healthy relationships with	Describe some of the changes that happen to people during their lives  Explain how the Learning Line can be	Use a range of words and phrases to describe the intensity of different feelings  Distinguish between good and not so good feelings, using	Recognise some of the changes they have experienced and their emotional responses to those changes  Suggest positive strategies for dealing with
	Talk about changes in nature.	occur as seasons change.  Talk about how	Understand and explain the simple bodily	range of feelings that are associated with losing (and being	Understand what is meant by the term body space (or personal space)	used as a tool to help them manage change more easily	appropriate vocabulary to describe these  Explain strategies they	change  Identify people who can support someone who is
	Describe how plants change over time.	they have grown in resilience.  To understand that animals and	processes associated with them	reunited) with a person they are close to	Identify when it is appropriate or inappropriate to	Suggest people who may be able to help them deal with change	can use to build resilience  Identify people who can be trusted	dealing with a challenging time of change  Understand that fame can be short-lived

Describe how animals	humans change in appearance	Understand some of the	Identify different stages of growth	allow someone into their body space	Name some positive and negative feelings	Understand what kinds	Recognise that photos
change.	over time.	tasks required to look after a	(e.g. baby, toddler, child,	, ,		of touch are acceptable or unacceptable	can be changed to match society's view of perfect;
Name the 4 seasons.	Use relevant vocabulary such	baby	teenager, adult)	Rehearse strategies for when someone is inappropriately in	Understand how the onset of puberty can have emotional as	Describe strategies for	Identify qualities that
Describe the	as egg, seed, baby, grow,	Explain how to meet the basic	Understand and describe some of	their body space	well as physical impact	dealing with situations in which they would	people have, as well as their looks
life cycle of a butterfly.	change, old, young (and the	needs of a baby, for example, eye	the things that people are	Define the terms 'secret' and 'surprise'	Suggest reasons why	feel uncomfortable, particularly in relation	Define what is meant by
Say what a	names for young animals).	contact, cuddling,	capable of at these different stages	and know the difference between a	young people sometimes fall out	to inappropriate touch	the term stereotype
baby needs.	Make observations	washing, changing, feeding	Identify which	safe and an unsafe secret	with their parents	Explain how someone might feel when they	Recognise how the media can sometimes reinforce
Talk about how they have	and ask questions about	Identify things	parts of the human body are	Recognise how different surprises	Take part in a role play practising how to	are separated from someone or something they like	gender stereotypes
changed since being a	living things.	they could do as a baby, a	private	and secrets might make them feel	compromise  Identify parts of the	Suggest ways to help	Recognise that people fall into a wide range of what
baby.	Retell a story and respond to	toddler and can do now	Explain that a person's genitals	Know who they could	body that males and females have in	someone who is separated from	is seen as normal  Challenge stereotypical
Say what they want to	questions about it.	Identify the	help them to make babies when they are	ask for help if a secret made them feel	common and those that are different	someone or something they like	gender portrayals of people
be when they grow up.	Use the language and	people who help/helped them at those	grown up	uncomfortable or unsafe	Know the correct	Know the correct words for the external	Understand the risks of
Understand	describe the different life	different stages	Understand that humans mostly		terminology for their genitalia	sexual organs	sharing images online and how these are hard to
boys and girls are	stages of: baby, child, teenager,	Explain the difference	have the same body parts but		Understand and explain why puberty	Discuss some of the myths associated with	control, once shared
different.	adult, older age.  Talk about their	between teasing and bullying	that they can look different from person to person		happens	puberty	Understand that people can feel pressured to behave in a certain way
Know families are	own experience of growing up.	Give examples	Explain what		Know the key facts of the menstrual cycle	Identify some products that they may need	because of the influence of the peer group
different.	Explain that a	of what they can do if they experience or	privacy means		Understand that	during puberty and why	Understand the norms of
	baby is made by	witness bullying			periods are a normal		risk-taking behaviour and

Know how to keep their private parts	a woman and a man, and grows	Know that you are not allowed to touch someone's	part of puberty for girls	Know what menstruation is and why it happens	that these are usually lower than people believe them to be

		safe and private.	inside a mother's tummy.  Understand that every family is different.  Talk about similarities and differences between themselves and others.  Talk about how they have changed as they have grown.  Explain the differences between babies, children, and adults.  Understand that we are all unique.  Name parts of the body (including reproductive parts) using the correct vocabulary.	Say who they could get help from in a bullying situation  Explain the difference between a secret and a nice surprise  Identify situations as being secrets or surprises  Identify who they can talk to if they feel uncomfortable about any secret they are told, or told to keep  Identify parts of the body that are private  Describe ways in which private parts can be kept private  Identify people they can talk to	private belongings without their permission  Give examples of different types of private information		Identify some of the ways to cope better with periods  Define the terms 'secret' and 'surprise' and know the difference between a safe and an unsafe secret  Recognise how different surprises and secrets might make them feel  Know who they could ask for help if a secret made them feel uncomfortable or unsafe  Understand that marriage is a commitment to be entered into freely and not against someone's will  Recognise that marriage includes same sex and opposite sex partners  Know the legal age for marriage in England or Scotland	Recognise how our body feels when we're relaxed  List some of the ways our body feels when it is nervous or sad  Describe and/or demonstrate how to be resilient in order to find someone who will listen to you  Identify the consequences of positive and negative behaviour on themselves and others  Give examples of how individual/group actions can impact on others in a positive or negative way  Explain the difference between a safe and an unsafe secret  Identify situations where someone might need to break a confidence in order to keep someone safe	Define the word 'puberty' giving examples of some of the physical and emotional changes associated with it  Suggest strategies that would help someone who felt challenged by the changes in puberty  Know where someone could get support if they were concerned about their own or another person's safety  Explain the difference between a safe and an unsafe secret  Identify situations where someone might need to break a confidence in order to keep someone safe  Identify the changes that happen through puberty
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	Explain which	about their		Discuss the reasons	Recognise that some	
	parts of their	private parts.		why a person would	people can get bullied	
					because of the way	

body are kept private and sa and why.		or live together, or have a civil ceremony		
Tell or ask an appropriate adult for help they feel unsa			Give examples of how bullying behaviours can be stopped	